

Current Comment.

Oliga Petrova, a Polish actress with a wealth of red hair, wants to marry to break a contract under which she is to return to Europe, but stipulates that the husband must be a merely nominal one who will go about his own business and let her divorce him in six months. As her salary is \$750 a week, she has numerous applicants in spite of the condition.

Hon. Gibney Oscar Letcher, the you Henderson attorney who spoke here Saturday for the Democratic ticket, is but little more than a boy, but he is sure to make his mark as a speaker. He possesses real talent as an orator and his address was greatly enjoyed by a large crowd of enthusiastic Democrats who vigorously applauded his telling points from time to time. Mr. Letcher is assistant elector for the Second district.

Star Player Dead.

York, one of the guards in Yale's football team, died of double pneumonia Saturday.

Mopped Up.

Vanderbilt gave Virginia a crushing defeat in the football game at Nashville Saturday.

Queer Match.

A Japanese and a mulatto girl were married in Nashville Saturday. Both were about the same color.

On Battleship.

A boiler head blew out on the Vermont Saturday, killing two firemen and badly injuring four others.

Nuts Plentiful.

The crop of nuts this year is the largest for years. Walnuts are plentiful and scaly-bark hickory nuts are beginning to appear.

A Correction.

The statement that a film burned out at the Princes the night of the storm, was not correct. The excitement was caused by the popping of an automobile outside the theatre.

Juvenile Emma Goldman.

Lena Tyler, 13 years old, was expelled from the public schools at Salt Lake City because she refused to salute the American flag. She offered to pay homage to the Socialist banner.

Has Located Here

Herbert McConnell of Gracey, moved here last week. He was fortunate in having found a house in which to live. There are so many new comers moving here every few days that there is a constant demand for vacant houses.

The Athenaeum.

The November meeting of the Athenaeum will be held at Hotel Latham at 7 o'clock Thursday evening. W. F. Powner will discuss "The War of Troy" and Prof. H. G. L. will substitute for Mr. A. J. McKies, who will have a paper on "Radio-Telegraphy."

More Light and Water.

S. G. Goodale last week bought from the trustees of Pembroke a franchise to operate an electric light and water system. Mr. Goodale represented the Pembroke Light, Power & Water Co. But few towns anywhere have had more destructive fires than our progressive neighbor and we are glad to see that the people have determined to guard themselves against future devastation. They might be able to do without electric lights but they can't get along without water.

Mrs. Gordon Tanner, of Indianapolis, nee Miss Mary Huey, of Springfield, is visiting Miss Louise Jones.

State of Ohio, city of Toledo, Lucas County.
Frank A. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of CHENEY'S CATARRH CURE.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1914.
A. W. GIBSON, Notary Public.
Cheney's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

EVERYTHING FAVORABLE

Options Have Been Secured On the Property Desired.

NOW UP TO THE FARMERS.

Work Of Securing Subscriptions Will Now Be Pushed.

The fair committee held its regular meeting last Saturday. Hereafter the committee will meet Saturday afternoon at 1:30, instead of Saturday morning. This gives members of the committee who live in the country more time to get here and be present when the meeting opens.

The committee appointed to secure an option on the property of Miss Campbell, adjoining the property of Williams & Radford, reports that the option had been obtained.

The securing of the option puts everything in suitable condition to solicit subscriptions for the stock, and it is now up to the people generally to determine whether or not the fair shall be a go. It is with them alone.

The fair company is being organized for the benefit of the farmers and it is expected that they will measure up to their full duty. As one of the committee remarked yesterday the biggest part by far of the necessary amount could be raised in the city in a few hours, but as it is to be a fair for the country people they are the ones to go down in their pockets and contribute more liberally than anybody else.

However, there is no apprehension on this point. The farmers are quite enthusiastic and have already manifested a desire to see everything move along rapidly and successfully so that the old-time country fair will be a reality next fall. Situated as Christian County there is no doubt of its success.

The committee will hold another meeting next Saturday at 1:30.

BLOW WITH PISTOL

Prevents Drunken Negro From Raising Rough House.

A negro by the name of Walter Washington entered the grocery store of H. M. Bollinger, at Second and Railroad streets Saturday night, and attempted to raise a rough house. Mr. Bollinger ordered the negro from his store, but Washington refused to leave and became so rough that force was necessary. Mr. Bollinger, in order to defend himself, grabbed an old pistol and struck him a blow on the head that fell him to the floor. An officer was called and took the negro to the station. City Judge Wood investigated the matter yesterday morning and fined Washington \$7 and costs.

Livery Business.

Last week Percy Smithson bought of H. C. Moore his livery business on Virginia street, between 7th and 8th streets. Mr. Smithson has had many years' experience in the business and will prove himself competent in every way to attend to the wants of the many old customers of that popular stable. Mr. Moore has not made known his future intentions, but everybody will be glad to know that he will remain a citizen of Hopkinsville.

Chrysanthemum Show

T. L. Metcalfe, the popular greenhouse man, excelled himself this year in raising Chrysanthemums. The magnificent display of these favorite fall flowers at his greenhouse, on East Sixth Street, was greatly admired by the many ladies that saw them last week and many are still to be seen.

To Prizers.

Three desirable prize tobacco for the Planters Protective Association will apply to me at once.

ALLEN OWEN,
County Secretary.

A TARIFF FOR REVENUE ONLY

Last Means of Kentucky Farmers For Obtaining Relief.

CAMDEN'S TELLING ADDRESS

Chairman of the Kentucky Democratic Campaign Committee Tells Some Plain Truths at the Meeting of the State Central and State Executive Committees in Louisville—Present Political Situation the Subject of a Masterly Analysis.

At the meeting of the state central and state executive committees in Louisville on Oct. 29th, J. N. Camden, chairman of the state campaign committee, delivered a strong and effective address on the present political situation. The speech was of a very progressive character. He advocated and declared emphatically for a tariff for revenue only as the last means of obtaining relief for the agricultural interests of Kentucky.

Chairman Camden spoke in part as follows:

"In August you honored me with the position of chairman of the state campaign committee, for the purpose of conducting the presidential campaign in Kentucky. Since then the committee has labored hard, to the end that every precinct in the state should be properly organized and the full Democratic vote polled on election day. We are now on the last lap of the race; we are rounding into the home stretch, and a week from today the race will be over.

"However, this is not the time for me to talk as to what has been done. The results next Tuesday will speak for themselves. After election day it will be the duty, as well as the pleasure, of the campaign committee to render to you, the constituted and governing authority of the state Democracy, a full account of our stewardship.

Express Thanks.

"In the meantime, I can not allow this opportunity to pass without bearing testimony in your presence to the intelligent, faithful and unremitting labor of the vice chairman of the campaign committee, Judge S. W. Hager; of our very able, forceful and conscientious secretary, W. O. Davis; of H. V. McChesney, chairman of the speakers' bureau, the value of whose work, day and night, is beyond any power of expression; and each member of the campaign committee, from the first to the eleventh districts. They have certainly fought a good fight and kept the faith. Their labors have been supplemented and their hands upheld by the members of the state central and executive committees in their respective counties; by the county and precinct chairmen, by the Democratic speakers, who have contributed freely of their time and their talents toward expounding the principles of Democracy upon the stump, and last, but not least, by the earnest and conscientious support of the Democratic press of the state.

National Politics.

"A few words as to national politics, and the condition of the parties throughout the country. The Republican party is today hopelessly rent in twain. Its house is divided, but not over any real question of national policy or abiding political principles, but is divided largely by a personal quarrel and political feud between the two chief leaders of the Republican party; one, the president of the United States, the other the only living ex-president.

"It has gone the way of the old Democratic party of 1860, when John C. Breckinridge led a bolt against the nomination of Stephen A. Douglass. The feeling between the Republican factions is even more bitter, and the split in the party more deep-seated and lasting than in the seventies and eighties, when James G. Blaine and Roscoe Conkling fought for supremacy. The Democratic party has waited long, but it is now coming into its own.

Taft and Roosevelt.

"The Republican party, as led by President Taft, represents the reactionary or so-called 'stand pat' or high tariff element of the party who are now in office, and whose thirst for spoils is so insatiate that they desire to hold on to the pilot wheel of the United States government at any cost.

"The Progressive party, under the leadership of ex-President Roosevelt, has adopted a platform dealing principally with matters of state legislation, in the faint hope of being carried into power in the general political confusion. Some planks are good and some bad, but it is clear that they were grouped together in a conglomerate mass for the sole purpose of getting the votes of emotional and unthinking people, regardless of the fact that they could not be put into effect by the federal government, even if the Progressives through any miracle could elect a president or secure a majority in congress. Roosevelt stands for a high tariff also.

Tariff Subterfuge.

"The central and controlling policy of the Republican party, about which everything else revolves, is the high protective tariff. Their platform

adopted at Chicago declares at the outset and makes of paramount importance the upholding of the principle of 'protection.' The ostensible reason given in the platform is for the purpose of 'protecting our working men against competition with cheaper labor abroad, thus establishing for our wage earners the American standard of living.'

"What are the facts? This talk of the tariff being necessary to protect the American wage earner from competition with cheap labor abroad is the merest subterfuge.

"The revelations made by the investigation of the strike at Lawrence, Mass., on the part of the mill operatives of the American Woolen company a short time ago show the falsity of the Republican platform declaration on this subject. The American Woolen company, or Woolen Trust, as it is generally known, is one of the chief beneficiaries of the protective tariff. Its owners and stockholders have become enormously rich by virtue of legislation in the matter of tariff schedules, particularly the famous, or rather infamous, Schedule K.

Lawrence Strike.

"The strike at Lawrence and in neighboring towns in New England has taught one good lesson. It has brought out the fact that the American Woolen company instead of using the tariff for the purpose of protecting American labor and endeavoring to uphold the American wage earner's standard of living has been using imported wages and making no effort whatever to better conditions of the American laborer. The high protective tariff has simply enabled the Woolen Trust to charge exorbitant prices to the consumers generally without any compensating benefit even to the wage earners in its own employ. The fabulous profits made out of clothing sold to the people of this country have gone solely toward paying dividends to the stockholders of the American Woolen company and allied trusts.

"The same conditions regarding the effect of the tariff on the cost of clothing have been found to exist in the steel industry of the United States. It has made a few men enormously rich at the expense of the many.

"On the question of the tariff the Progressives are as firmly wedded to their idols as the Taft Republicans. They hold out no hope of relief to the American farmer, wage earner or ordinary business man. In all of his speeches Mr. Roosevelt avoids making any definite stand upon this question.

"Tariff For Revenue Only."

"The Democratic party's position, as expressed in its platform, and enunciated by its candidate for president, is clear and unequivocal. I may add that one of the prime reasons why I am a Democrat and have always been a Democrat, as my father was before me, is the fact that I believe firmly that the United States government has no moral right to levy a dollar's tax under the guise of a protective tariff or in any other way for the benefit of any individual or corporation, but should be limited solely to collecting taxes for the support of the government itself; in other words, a 'tariff for revenue only.'

"Kentucky is, in the main, an agricultural state. A majority of the people of this commonwealth are dependent for their livelihood upon the tilling of the soil, and when the farmer prospers and has money to spend the cities and towns reap the benefit. This city, the metropolis of the state, where we are now meeting, depends for its prosperity upon the condition of the agricultural interests of the state.

"What is the effect of the tariff upon the Kentucky farmer? By virtue of the tariff the International Harvester company is today selling plows, reapers, threshing machines and other agricultural implements cheaper abroad than at home. The Harvester Trust sells at one price to the farmers and wheat raisers of the Argentine Republic, Canada and Russia, and at a much higher price to the farmers of the United States. Yet in selling our products of the farm we are compelled to compete on the Liverpool market, a free trade market, with those countries.

Personal Experience.

"I may speak feelingly on this subject, but I feel simply as every farmer does who has studied the question. My life has been spent upon a farm and farming is today my business. In raising corn, wheat and tobacco, as well as sheep, hogs and cattle, I know from practical experience the effect of a high protective tariff upon the farming industry. Every Kentucky farmer knows that the greater part of the profit which is rightly his goes to swell the dividends of some protected manufacturing industry.

"Fifty-eight years ago the Republican party came into being. It was created and organized as a radical, militant and aggressive 'young man's' party. After the repeal of the Missouri Compromise in the spring of 1854 at the instance of the slaveholding interests, the Republican party sprung into being as an organized protest against the further extension of human slavery into the territories. It was not then a high-tariff party. Protection was not one of the cardinal principles of the original Republican party. That policy came afterwards with the Civil war and reconstruction period.

"In fact, the Republican party, when it was really a party of principle, was in favor of a 'tariff for revenue only.' In 1856, when General John C.

Fremont was a candidate against James Buchanan, at the first presidential election when the Republican party had a ticket in the field, the campaign slogan of the Republican party was:

"Free Soil, Free Trade and Free Men."

The Republican leaders at that time declared that they would free the slaves and afterwards liberate trade of its shackles. They were joined with the name of Thomas Jefferson as a patron saint.

"The Big Business interests of the northern states were opposed to the Republican party at its inception and were united on political lines with the slaveholding interests of the far south, who dominated the administration of Franklin Pierce and James Buchanan. The backbone of the Republican party at that time was the farmer and wage earner of the north and west.

"After the war, when the Republican party had become the dominant political force in this country, the big business interests turned to it by a process of gravitation. Every year the interests tightened their grip upon the Republican party. They financed Republican campaigns and in return waxed fat on tariff legislation at the hands of that party. Today Wall street and its allied interests are divided between Taft and Roosevelt. Perkins, Morgan and McCormick are supporting Roosevelt, while the Carnegie and Rockefeller interests favor Mr. Taft.

Readjustment Period.

"In the great cities of the east there are fabulous fortunes; most of them amassed since the Civil war by virtue of a protective tariff. On some streets there are 'miles of millionaires,' yet within a few blocks you can find countless men with families reduced to the depths of poverty, starvation and suffering. This country is fast reaching a period for readjustment, and unless proper measures are taken in the interests of the people as a whole it will only be a question of time when we shall be confronted with the same industrial chaos which now confronts England, Germany and France.

"The Democratic party now stands prepared, earnestly, honestly, intelligently and fearlessly to grapple with the solution of the manifold problems of this country, and it can be depended upon, under its present national leadership, to see that so far as federal legislation may bring it about the burdens of taxation shall be lifted from the shoulders of the masses of the people and the unjust accumulation and concentration of wealth prevented.

"I would not detract one jot or one tittle from the credit due the benefactors who have endowed libraries, hospitals and universities of learning, but the education of the youth of the land and the care of the aged and unfortunate should not be left to depend upon the charity, philanthropy or bounty of individuals. The time will come, and I hope to see it under the rule of the Democratic party, when the great mass of the American people of every station in life will have that to which they are entitled as a matter of right and not by the grace of any man or set of men."

FRIGHT SCARES FORTH HAIR

Experience of Arkansas Man Attacked In Dark by Catamount.

Long has it been a recognized fact that the greatest of discoveries may come, not through long conducted and fatiguing search, but in the twinkling of an eye in an accidental manner. Such a discovery now hails from Murfreesboro, Pike county, Arkansas.

A resident of that village entered his woodshed in the gloom of a March evening to split an armful of wood for the next morning's breakfast. As he did so he was met by a demoniac cry that froze the genial current of his blood, and at the same moment a strange animal sunk its claws deep into the poor man's shoulder. The attack had been made by the most vicious animal of the cat kind, known as a catamount in Arkansas, and a hogcat farther west.

The man in describing this attack told of the freezing effect upon his scalp. He succeeded in fighting off the varmint.

Following this came the discovery. It seems that he was quite bald, with no hope of any return of hair, but a few days after his fright there began to appear healthy hair follicles, and succeeding this he has had a remarkable return of hair. This reappearance is accounted for by savants. The hair of the Murfreesboro man had been in hiding and something was needed to scare it out. The catamount did this. There are doubtless others who would like to try this heroic remedy, but real catamounts are not within the reach of everybody.

Always an Anti-Climax.

It is always reassuring to read of some millionaire's son, who, dressed in overalls, has taken up some hard, grimy job at a few dollars a week. Just as a poor farmer's or mechanic's son might do. But his election in a few weeks to the directorship or vice presidency of his father's business shows a growth that boys of more humble parentage can hardly hope to equal.—Christian Science Monitor.

The Germany Way.

A German soldier recently was sentenced to six months' imprisonment for obtaining a leave of absence on the plea of attending a hale and hearty grandmother's funeral. The small boy baseball "fans" in this country will probably shudder at a Thanksgiving that they are not in the German army.

WARNINGS! HINTS! REMINDERS! ON A BURNING SUBJECT!



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HOLLAND'S OPERA HOUSE

Friday, November 8

A ROLICKING MUSICAL COMEDY

The BELL HOP

WITH E. M. NLEY NO. RIS AND The Original Company and Pretty Girl Chorus

PRICES: 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, Few \$1.00.

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